



OPPGAVE 1

Kraftresultant:

$$R = \sum F$$

$$= 80 + 35 + 30 + 40 + 85$$

$$\underline{R = 270 \text{ kN}}$$

Resultantens moment om origo skal være lik
summen av enkeltkraftenes momenter

$$R \cdot x_R = \sum F_i \cdot a_i$$

$$270 \cdot x_R = 35 \cdot 3 + 30 \cdot 6 + 40 \cdot 9 + 85 \cdot 12$$

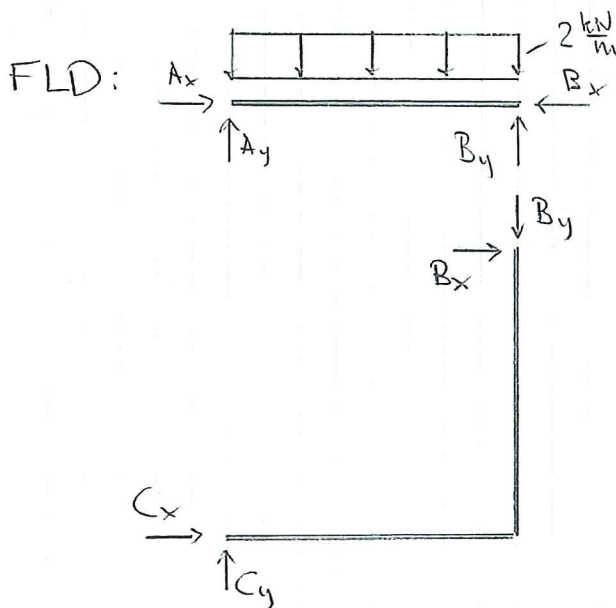
$$\Rightarrow \underline{x_R = 6.17 \text{ m}}$$

OPPGAVE 3

$$UKF = \{A_x, A_y, B_x, B_y, C_x, C_y\} = 6$$

$$LVL = 2 \text{ komponenter} \cdot 3 \text{ lign.} = 6$$

} STATISK BESTEMT



DEL AB

$$\sum M_A = 0 \Rightarrow \underbrace{2 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} \cdot 3 \text{ m}}_R \cdot \underbrace{\frac{3}{2} \text{ m}}_{\text{arm}} - B_y \cdot 3 \text{ m} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{B_y = 3 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow A_y + B_y + 2 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} \cdot 3 \text{ m} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{A_y = 3 \text{ kN}}$$

DEL BC

$$\sum M_C = 0 \Rightarrow B_y \cdot 3 \text{ m} + B_x \cdot 3 \text{ m} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{B_x = -3 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow C_x + B_x = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{C_x = 3 \text{ kN}}$$

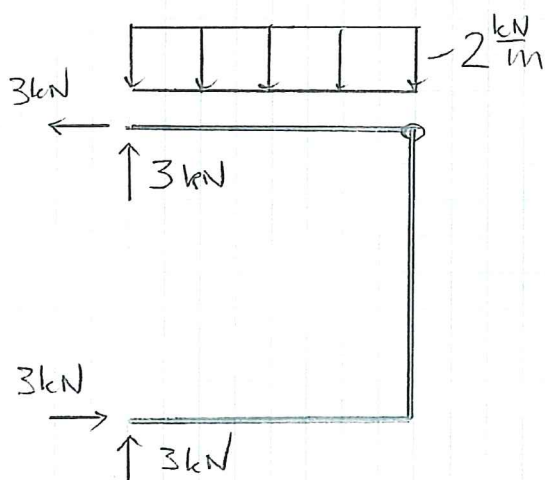
$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow C_y - B_y = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{C_y = 3 \text{ kN}}$$

HELE RAMMEN

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow A_x + C_x = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{A_x = -3 \text{ kN}}$$



Belastningsdiagram for hele rammen — med kreftene i korrekt retning:



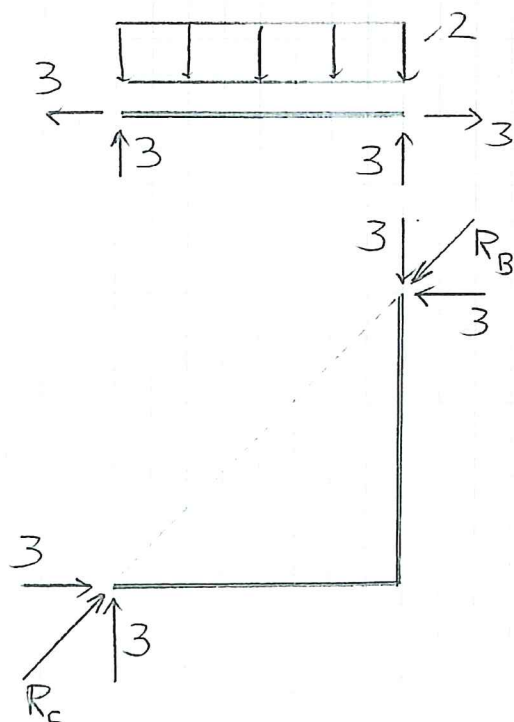
Momentlikevekt om B:

$$\sum M_B = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{3 \cdot 3}_{A_y} - \underbrace{2 \cdot 3 \cdot \frac{3}{2}}_q + \underbrace{3 \cdot 3}_{C_y} - \underbrace{3 \cdot 3}_{C_x}$$

$$= 9 - 9 + 9 - 9 = 0 \quad \underline{\text{OK}}$$

Separate belastningsdiagram:



Resultanten av kreftene i B og C, hhv. R_B og R_C , har samme angrepslinje. Hvis så ikke var tilfelle, ville ikke del BC vært i momentlikevekt.

Dessuten: R_B og R_C er like store og motsatt rettet $\Rightarrow$ Kraftlikevekt OK



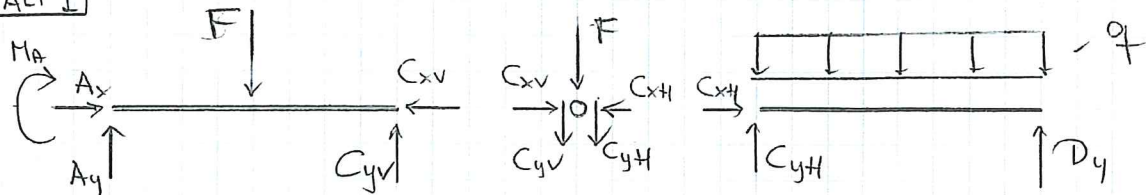
	Dato	Side 3
	Sign	

OPPGAVE 4

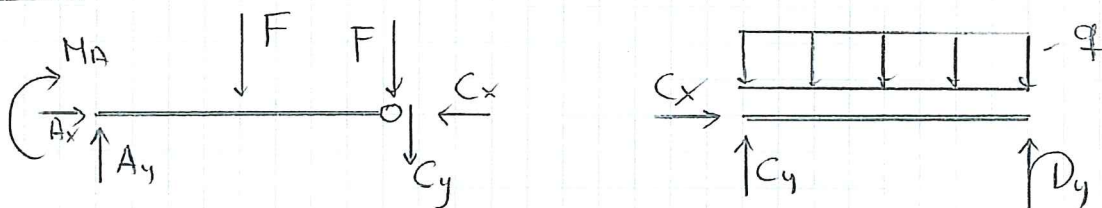
Statisk bestemt?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{UKF} &= \{M_A, A_x, A_y, C_x, C_y, D_y\} = 6 \\ \text{LVL} &= 2 \text{ komp. \& 3 ligu} = 6 \end{aligned} \quad \underline{\text{OK}}$$

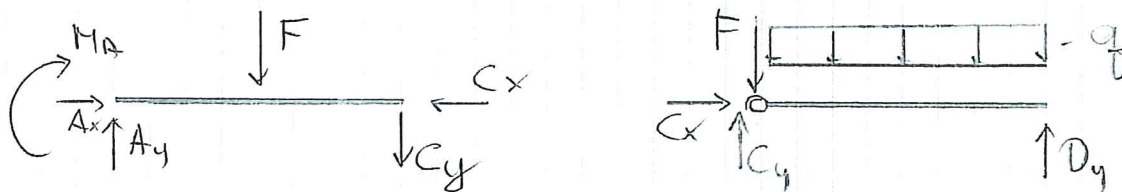
ALT 1



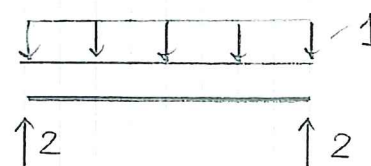
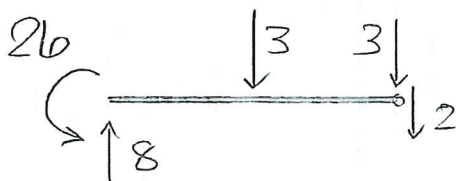
ALT 2



ALT 3



Belastnings diagram blir (for ALT 2)



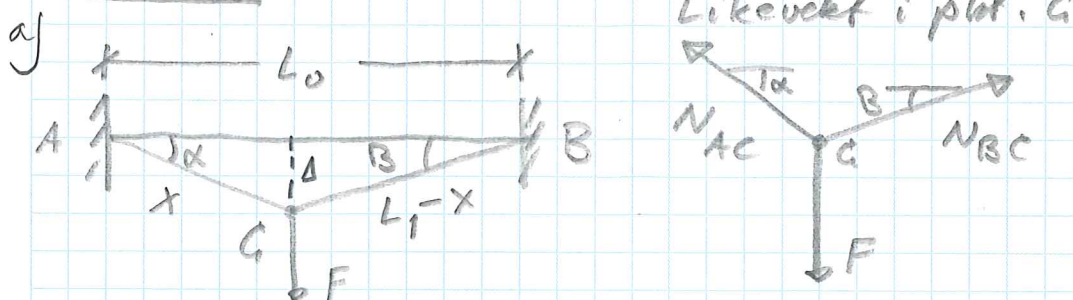


TKT4118 Mekanikk 1

Øving 3

Oppgave 2a (fjernet oppgavetekst, MATLAB tatt ut)

Løsning



$$\Delta = x \sin \alpha$$

$$\Delta = (L_1 - x) \sin \beta$$

$$\sum K_x = 0 \Rightarrow N_{AC} \cos \alpha = N_{BC} \cos \beta$$

$$\sum K_y = 0 \Rightarrow N_{AC} \sin \alpha + N_{BC} \sin \beta = F$$

$$N_{AC} \sin \alpha + \left(N_{AC} \frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \beta} \right) \sin \beta = F \Rightarrow N_{AC} = \frac{F}{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha \frac{\sin \beta}{\cos \beta}}$$

$$\left(N_{BC} \frac{\cos \beta}{\cos \alpha} \right) \sin \alpha + N_{BC} \sin \beta = F \Rightarrow N_{BC} = \frac{F}{\sin \beta + \cos \beta \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}}$$

cos-setning: $(L_1 - x)^2 = L_0^2 + x^2 - 2L_0x \cos \alpha$

(med vinkel α)

$$L_1^2 - 2L_1x + x^2 = L_0^2 + x^2 - 2L_0x \cos \alpha$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{L_0^2 - L_1(L_1 - 2x)}{2L_0x} \quad \text{og} \quad \sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}$$

cos-setning: $x^2 = L_0^2 + (L_1 - x)^2 - 2L_0(L_1 - x) \cos \beta$

(med vinkel β)

$$x^2 = L_0^2 + L_1^2 - 2L_1x + x^2 - 2L_0(L_1 - x) \cos \beta$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{L_0^2 + L_1(L_1 - 2x)}{2L_0(L_1 - x)} \quad \text{og} \quad \sin \beta = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \beta}$$

Prosedyre

Gitt L_0, L_1, x og F

Beregn $\cos \alpha, \sin \alpha, \cos \beta$ og $\sin \beta$

Beregn N_{AC} og N_{BC} og Δ

Alternativt $\sin \beta = \frac{x \sin \alpha}{L_1 - x}$



Innsatt verdiene: $L_0 = 10.5 \text{ m}$ $F = 1 \text{ kN}$

$$L_1 = 10.8 \text{ m}$$

$$x = 3.6 \text{ m}$$

Dette gir: $\cos \alpha = \frac{(10.5)^2 - 10.8(10.8 - 7.2)}{2 \cdot (10.5) \cdot (3.6)} = 0.9440 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = 0.3299$

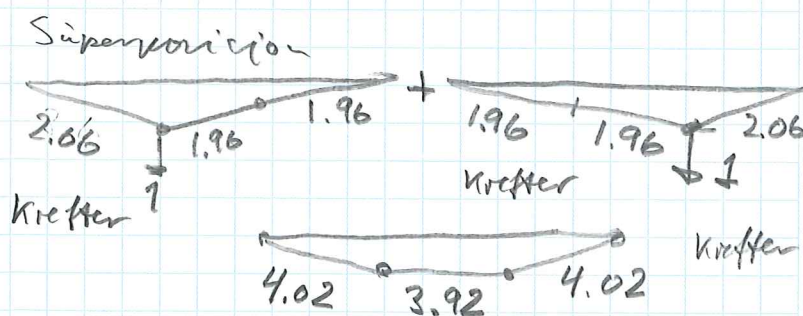
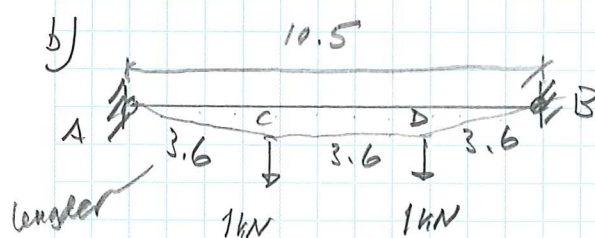
$$\cos \beta = \frac{(10.5)^2 + 10.8(10.8 - 2 \cdot 3.6)}{2 \cdot (10.5) \cdot (10.8 - 3.6)} = 0.9863 \Rightarrow \sin \beta = 0.1650$$

Og dermed:

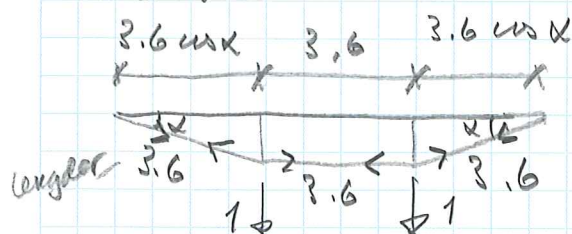
$$N_{AC} = \frac{1}{0.3299 + 0.9440 \frac{0.1650}{0.9863}} = \frac{(2.06)}{2.05} \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{BC} = \frac{1}{0.1650 + 0.9863 \frac{0.3299}{0.9440}} = 1.96 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Delta = 3.6 \cdot 0.3299 = 1.188 \text{ m} \quad (\Delta = x \sin \alpha)$$



Likelihood



$$(3.6 \cos \alpha) \cdot 2 + 3.6 = 10.5$$

$$\cos \alpha = 0.95833 \dots \quad \alpha = 16.6^\circ$$

$$\uparrow \sum K_y = 0 \Rightarrow S_{AC} \sin \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow S_{AC} = \frac{1}{0.28565 \dots} = 3.50 \text{ kN} = N_{BD}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum K_x = 0 \quad S_{AC} \cos \alpha = S_{CD} \Rightarrow S_{CD} = 3.50 \cdot 0.95833 \dots = 3.35 \text{ kN}$$

